**Chapter 9 Study Guide**

**COMPLETE ON A SEPARATE PIECE OF PAPER!**

**Vocabulary:**

1. Tribute
2. Laissez faire
3. Tecumseh
4. Stephen Decatur
5. Expedition
6. War Hawks
7. Smuggle
8. Continental Divide
9. Embargo
10. Nationalism

**Key Concepts:**

11. When Thomas Jefferson took office, what action did he make regarding the Sedition Act?

A. He founded a newspaper to publish information about the executive branch.

B. He released people who had been imprisoned under the Sedition Act.

C. He supported the Act.

12. True/False: Lewis and Clark’s expedition caused people to **NOT** want to explore the Louisiana Territory.

13. The War of 1812 was between the United States vs. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

14. True/False: The United States purchased the Louisiana Territory was purchased from Spain.

15. Thomas Jefferson hesitated before purchasing the Louisiana Territory because he was afraid his actions were not \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

16. What is judicial review?

17. What happened to the Native Americans after the Battle of Tippecanoe?

1. They were never able to fully regain strength to fight westward expansion.
2. They helped the settlers clear the forests for planting.
3. They were successful in keeping control of their lands.

18. True/False: The Embargo Act only allows trade with Great Britain.

19. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tried to unite all the Native American Tribes of the Northwest.

20. What river was very important to farmers because it allowed them to ship their crops to the city of New Orleans?

**Essay:**

21. The Louisiana Purchase was one of the most significant events in the early history of the United States. Give two reasons why the Louisiana Purchase was important to the history of our country.